

SUPER SHIELDTM SILVER CONDUCTIVE COATING 842ARTH-LIQUID Safety Data Sheet

Section 1: Identification

Product Identifier and Other Means of Identification

Product Name: Super Shield[™] Silver Conductive Coating
SDS Code: 842ARTH-Liquid
Related Part # 842ARTH-150ML, 842ARTH-900ML, 842ARTH-3.78L

Recommended Use and Restriction on Use

Use: Electrically conductive coating and EMI/RFI shielding

Uses Advised Against: Not available

Details of Manufacturer or Importer

Manufacturer MG Chemicals 1210 Corporate Drive Burlington, Ontario L7L 5R6 CANADA

MG Chemicals (Head Office) 9347-193 Street Surrey, British Columbia V4N 4E7 CANADA

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Emergency Phone Number

For hazardous material incidents ONLY—leaks, spills, fires, exposures or accidents USA or CANADA: Call CHEMTREC **2**: +1-800-424-9300

For emergencies involving dangerous goods; Collect 24/7 CANADA: Call CANUTEC ☎: +1-613-996-6666 or *666 on cellular phones



Section 2: Hazard(s) Identification

Classification of Hazardous Chemical

GHS Categories

Criteria		Category	Signal Word	Pictograms
Flammable Liquid		2	Danger	Flame
Eye Irritation		2	Warning	Exclamation
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	Single Exposure	3	Warning	Exclamation
Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment	Chronic	1	Warning	Environment

Note: The degree of severity is ranked within each hazard class from 1 (Highest Severity) to up to 5 (Lowest Severity), which is opposite to HMIS and NFPA conventions. Severity category rankings do not allow comparisons between classes.

Label Elements

Signal Word	DANGER
Pictograms	Hazard Statements
	H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor
~	H319: Causes serious eye irritation
	H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness
¥2	H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects



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Prevention	Precautionary Statements
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof equipment.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P261, P271	Avoid breathing mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well- ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
Response	Precautionary Statements
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, chemical foam, or water spray to extinguish.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P304 + P340, P312	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P391	Collect spillage.
Storage	Precautionary Statements
P403 + P235	Store in well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.
Disposal	Precautionary Statements
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance to local/regional/international regulations.



Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

Other Criteria	Hazard Statements/Precautionary Statement	Signal Word	Pictograms
Defats skin	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	None	None
Argyria	Long term exposure to silver powder or compounds can lead to an irreversible blue- grey discoloration of the skin.	None	None

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

CAS #	Chemical Name	% (weight)
7440-22-4	silver	50%
616-38-6	dimethyl carbonate	16%
67-64-1	acetone	11%
110-43-0	heptan-2-one ^{a)}	10%
108-65-6	1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate	1%

a) Also known as methyl amyl ketone (MAK)

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

Exposure Condition	GHS Code/Symptoms/Precautionary Statements
IF ON SKIN (or hair)	P303 + P361 + P353, P263
Immediate Symptoms	redness, mild irritation, dry skin
Response	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
IF INHALED	P304 + P340, P312
Immediate Symptoms	cough, drowsiness, dizziness, headaches, nausea, unconsciousness
Response	Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.



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IF IN EYES	P305 + P351 + P338, P337 + P313
Immediate Symptoms	irritation, redness, pain
Response	Rinse cautiously with water for 15 minutes or more. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
IF SWALLOWED	P301 + P330 + P331
Immediate Symptoms	nausea, sore throat, abdominal pain, diarrhea, drowsiness, dizziness
Response	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media	In case of fire: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, chemical foam, or water spray to extinguish.
	Use water spray to cool containers.
Specific Hazards	The vapors are heavier than air and may accumulate in low- lying areas. Vapors may travel long distances and ignite at an ignition source, which can cause a flashback or an explosion.
	Prevent fire-fighting wash from entering waterway or sewer system.
Combustion Products	Produces carbon oxides (CO,CO ₂) and metal oxide fumes.
Fire-Fighter	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turn-out gear.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Protection	See personal protection recommendations in Section 8.
Precautions for Response	Avoid breathing mist/spray/vapors. Remove or keep away all sources of extreme heat or open flames.
Environmental Precautions	Avoid releasing to the environment. Prevent spill from entering drains and waterways.
Containment Methods	Contain with inert absorbent (such as soil, sand, vermiculite).
Cleaning Methods	Collect liquid in a sealable, solvent-resistant container. Sprinkle inert absorbent compound onto spill, then sweep into the container. Wash spill area with soap and water to remove the last traces of residue.
Disposal Methods	Dispose of spill waste according to Section 13.



Contion	7.	Handling	and	Storogo
Section	1.	Handling	anu	Storage

Prevention	Keep out of reach of children.
	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	Avoid breathing mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	Keep container tightly closed.
	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
	Use explosion-proof equipment.
	Take action to prevent static discharges.
Handling	Wear protective gloves/clothing/eye protection/face protection.
	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
	Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.
Storage	Store in well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
	Store locked up.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Substances with Occupational Exposure Limit Values

Chemical Name Country/ Provinces		Long Term Exposure Limits (PEL)	Short Term Exposure Limits (STEL)	
silver (metal dust, mist) (metal)	ACGIH U.S.A. OSHA PEL Canada AB	0.1 mg/m ³ 0.01 mg/m ³ 0.1 mg/m ³	Not established Not established Not established	
(Ag and its compounds) (metal, dust, fumes)	Canada BC Canada ON Canada QC	0.01 mg/m ³ 0.1 mg/m ³ 0.1 mg/m ³	0.03 mg/m ³ Not established Not established	



Chemical Name	Country/	Long Term	Short Term
	Provinces	Exposure Limits	Exposure Limits
		(PEL)	(STEL)
acetone	ACGIH	500 ppm	750 ppm
	U.S.A. OSHA PEL	1 000 ppm	Not established
	Canada AB	500 ppm	750 ppm
	Canada BC	250 ppm	500 ppm
	Canada ON	500 ppm	750 ppm
	Canada QC	750 ppm	1 000 ppm
heptan-2-one	ACGIH	50 ppm	Not established
methyl amyl ketone	U.S.A. OSHA PEL	100 ppm	Not established
	Canada AB	50 ppm	Not established
	Canada BC	50 ppm	Not established
	Canada ON	25 ppm	Not established
	Canada QC	50 ppm	Not established
1-methoxy-2-propanol	ACGIH	Not established	Not established
acetate	U.S.A. OSHA PEL	50 ppm	Not established
	Canada AB	Not established	Not established
	Canada BC	50 ppm	75 ppm
	Canada ON	50 ppm	Not established
	Canada QC	Not established	Not established

Note: Ingredients are listed in descending weight contribution order (from greatest to least). The ACGIH¹, OSHA (Table Z-1), and Canadian provinces exposure limits were consulted. Limits from by RTECS² database and data from suppliers' SDS were also consulted. Short term exposure limits (STEL) are for 15 min and long term permissible exposure limits (PEL) for 8 h.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation

Keep airborne concentrations below the occupational exposure limits (OEL).



Personal Protective Equipment

Eye protection	Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles.
	Recommendation: Ensure that glasses have side shields for lateral protection.
Skin Protection	For likely contacts, use of protective butyl rubber or other chemically resistant gloves.
Respiratory Protection	For over-exposures up to 10 x OEL of mist/vapors/spray, wear respirator such as a half-mask respirator with organic vapor cartridges.
	Above 10 x OEL, use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator or a self-contained breathing apparatus.
	RECOMMENDATION: Consult your local safety supply store to ensure that your respirator has a NIOSH (U.S.) approved filter cartridges appropriate for the ingredients listed in Section 3. The respirator should be fitted to the employee by a professional. Ensure vapor cartridges are stored in sealed plastic bags when not being used.

General Hygiene Considerations

Wash hands thoroughly with water and soap after handling.



Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Liquid	Lower Flammability Limit ^{b)}	2%
Appearance	Metallic silver	Upper Flammability Limit ^{b)}	13%
Odor	Acetone-like	Vapor Pressure ^{b)} @20 °C	11 kPa [86 mmHg]
Odor Threshold ^{a)}	5 ppm	Vapor Density	≥2 (Air =1)
рН	Not available	Specific Gravity @25 °C	1.7
Freezing/Melting	Not	Solubility in	Partially miscible
Point	available	Water	
Boiling Point ^{a)}	56 °C	Partition	Not
	[132 °F]	Coefficient	available
Flash Point ^{a)}	-17 °C	Auto-ignition	≥315 °C
	[1.4 °F]	Temperature ^{c)}	[≥599 °F]
Evaporation	Fast	Decomposition	Not
Rate		Temperature	available
Flammability	Not	Viscosity	873 cP
(solid, gas)	available	@25 °C	

a) Values based on acetone component.

b) Lower and Upper Explosive Limits, and vapor pressure of mixture calculated using Le Chatelier principle and component physical values.

c) The auto-ignition value is based on 1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate, which is the component with the lowest value.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	Not available
Chemical Stability	Chemically stable at normal temperatures and pressures
Conditions to Avoid	Ignition sources, open flames, excessive heat, and incompatible substances
Incompatibilities	Oxidizing agents, strong acids, peroxides, acetylenic compounds
Polymerization	Will not occur
Decomposition	Will not decompose under normal conditions. For thermal decomposition, see combustion products in Section 5.



Section 11: Toxicological Information

Routes of Exposure

Eye contact, Inhalation, Skin contact, and Ingestion

Symptoms Summary

Eyes Causes redness, severe irritation, and pain.

- **Inhalation** May cause cough, drowsiness, dizziness, headaches, nausea, or unconsciousness.
- **Ingestion** May cause nausea, sore throat, abdominal pain, and diarrhea (also see inhalation symptoms).

Skin Causes skin redness, mild irritation, and dry skin.

Chronic Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin dryness, cracking, as well as defatting the skin. Exposure to silver powder may also cause argyria, an irreversible blue-grey discoloration of the skin.

Acute Toxicity (Lethal Exposure Concentrations)

Chemical Name	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	LC50 inhalation
acetone	5 800 mg/kg	20 mL/kg	16 000 ppm
	Rat	Rabbit ^{a)}	4 h Rat ^{a)}
silver	>2 000 mg/kg	>2 000 mg/kg	5.16 mg/m ³
	Rat	Rat	4 h Rat (dust)
dimethyl carbonate	>6.4 g/kg	>5 000 mg/kg	Not
	Rat & Mouse	Rabbit	established
heptan-2-one	1 670 mg/kg	12 600 μL/kg	>16.7 mg/kg
	Rat	Rabbit	4 h Rat (vapor)
1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate	8 532 mg/kg	>5 g/kg	Not
	Rat	Rabbit	established

Note: Toxicity data from the RTECS² and ECHA databases were consulted. The data from supplier (M)SDS were also consulted.

a) Supplier safety data sheet



Other Toxicological Effects

Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Serious eye damage/irritation	Acetone is a known serious eye irritant. Contains mechanically abrasive particles.
Sensitization (allergic reactions)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity (risk of cancer)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Mutagenicity (risk of heritable genetic effects)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive Toxicity (risk to sex functions)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are
(risk of fetus malformation)	not met.
(risk of fetus malformation)	not met. Inhalation of acetone and heptan-2-one

Section 12: Ecological Information

Ecological classifications are based on the IMDG/GHS criteria in conjunction with ecotoxicological data from our suppliers, the European Chemical Agency database (<u>http://echa.europa.eu</u>), and other reliable sources.

Contains silver of less than a 1 mm but more than 100 nm (larger than nanoparticles), which release ionic silver levels that are very toxic to the environment. While massive silver and copper are insoluble in water, their powders are considered sufficiently soluble to give rise to an ecological hazard by EU regulators. The classification that follows takes into account to chronic aqueous toxicity of category 1 (M = 10 for silver) of the EU.



Acetone, heptan-2-one, and 1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate are not classifiable as an environmental toxicant (with minimal LC50 of >100 mg/L).

- Acetone has a minimal LC50 96 h of 5 540 mg/L for Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) and an EC50 48 h of 13 500 mg/L for Daphnia magna (water flea).
- Heptan-2-one has a minimal LC50 96 h of 126 mg/L for Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow).
- 1-methoxy-2-propanol acetate has a minimal LC50 96 h of ≥100 mg/L Salmo gairdneri and an EC50 48 h of >500 mg/L for Daphnia magna (water flea).

There is insufficient data to classify dimethyl carbonate for aqueous toxicity.

Acute Ecotoxicity

Category 1 Very toxic to aquatic life

Chronic Ecotoxicity

Category 1

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

Biodegradability

Solvent part expected to be biodegradable, but not the polymer or metal filler. The volatile solvent constituents will oxidize rapidly in air by photochemical reaction.

Other Effects

Actual VOC (Volatile Organic Compounds) content according to the US (EPA) and Canadian (CEPA) authorities.

Actual VOC = 12% [163 g/L]; Regulated VOC = 206 g/L

Section 13: Disposal Information

Dispose of contents in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.



Section 14: Transport Information

Ground

Refer to TDG regulations (Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods regulations); **USA DOT 49 CFR** (Parts 100 to 185) **Regulations.**

Sizes 5 L and under

Limited Quantity



Sizes greater than 5 L UN number: UN1263 Shipping Name: PAINT Class: 3 Packing Group: II Marine Pollutant: Yes

Flash Point -17 °C [1.4 °F]

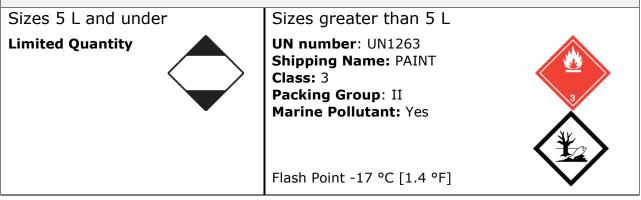
Air

Refer to ICAO-IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations.	
Sizes 0.5 L and under	Sizes up to 5 L (passenger), 60 L (cargo)
Limited Quantity Total Net QTY per package 1.0 L	UN number: UN1263 Shipping Name: PAINT Class: 3 Packing Group: II Marine Pollutant: Yes Flash Point -17 °C [1.4 °F]



Sea

Refer to IMDG regulations.



Note: Shipper must be appropriately <u>trained and certified</u> before involvement with the transport of dangerous goods.

Section 15: Regulatory Information

Canada

Domestic Substance List (DSL) / Non-Domestic Substance Lists (NDSL)

All hazardous ingredients are listed on the DSL.

Industry and Science Canada

MG Labels products intended for the workplace to conform to WHMIS labeling regulations. Product identification, net quantity declaration, minimum printing type size heights, and packaging of this product are in compliance.

USA

Other Classifications

HMIS® RATING

HEALTH:	*	2
FLAMMABILITY:		3
PHYSICAL HAZARD:		0
PERSONAL PROTECTION:		



Approximate HMIS and NFPA Risk Ratings Legend: 0 (Low or none); 1 (Slight); 2 (Moderate); 3 (Serious); 4 (Severe)

Section continued on the next page

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CAA (Clean Air Act, USA)

This product does not contain any class 1 ozone depleting substances.

This product does not contain any class 2 ozone depleting substances.

This product does not contain products that are listed as hazardous air pollutants.

EPCRA (Emergency Planning and Right to Know Act, USA, 40 CFR 372.45)

This product contains silver (CAS# 7440-22-4; reportable quantity = 1 000 lb), which is subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 Title III of the SARA of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372.

This product contains acetone (CAS# 67-64-1), which is subject to the CERCLA reporting requirements at the 5 000 lb (2 268 kg) threshold.

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976, USA)

All substances are TSCA listed.

California Proposition 65 (Chemicals known to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity, June 06, 2014 revision, USA).

This product does not contain any substances known to be listed in California.

Europe

RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive)

This product does not contain any lead, cadmium, mercury, hexavalent chromium, PBB's, or PBDE's, and complies with European RoHS regulations.

WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive)

This product is not a piece of electrical or electronics equipment, and is therefore not governed by this regulation.

Section 16: Other Information

SDS Prepared by	Michel Hachey
Date of Review	06 September 2016
Supersedes	Not applicable
Reason for Changes:	New product



Reference

1) ACGIH 2013 TLVs and BEIs: Based on the documentation of the threshold limit values for chemical substances and physical agents & biological exposure indices, American Conference of Governmental of Industrial Hygienist Cincinnati, OH (2013).

2) All toxicological data were checked against the RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances®)

Abbreviations

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (USA)

- ECHA European Chemicals Agency
- EU European Union
- EC50 Half maximal effective concentration
- EL50 Half maximal effective loading
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
- NOELR No observable effect loading ratio
- NTP National Toxicology Program
- GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification of Labeling of Chemicals
- LC50 Lethal Concentration 50%
- LCLo Lowest published lethal concentration
- LD50 Lethal Dose 50%
- OEL Occupational Exposure Limit
- PEL Permissible Exposure Limit
- SDS Safety Data Sheet
- STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit
- TCLo Lowest published toxic concentration
- TWA Time Weighted Average
- VOC Volatile Organic Content

Technical Queries Contact us regarding any questions, improvement suggestions, or problems with this product. Application notes, instructions, and FAQs are located at <u>www.mgchemicals.com</u>.

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